way to save time, and stopping an advertisement is a poor way to save money. The steady ad-

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WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1901-FOURTEEN PAGES.

Miserable Mothers.

E7 All mail subscriptions must be paid in advance. Rates of advertising made known on application.

CHILDREN ROBBED OF THEIR BIRTHRIGHT.

The most serious thing in life is and sickly mother surely devotes her in existence. I have used eight bot-The romantic idea of marriage is based on love and love alone. The fare to the end of your days. scientific idea of marriage demands love is written in a thousand ex- motherhood. It prevents or cures periences of young motherhood. The nausea, tranquilizes the nerves, enin her arms, and she is too weak and refreshing sleep. It imparts great worn to comfort it. She can do vitality and muscular vigor so that disposed of.

naught but weep in sympathy. As surely as the most serious painless. It gives the mother



thing in life is maternity so the most | years as I now am. In July last I ternity. There is no need for the nervous anxiety, the prolonged birth pangs, and after enervation, so commonly experienced by mothers.

In this day even women understand the training necessary for athletic exercise. They know that to successfully sustain the strain of outdoor sports they must prepare themselves by training. And yet the average woman will face the great strain of maternity without the slightest preparation for the extraordinary event before her. Nerves, muscles are all to be submitted to an extraordinary strain and yet there is no attempt to fit them for the ordeal.

PROPER PREPARATION.

The fact needs to be impressed on every woman that she can prepare for the strain of motherhood as she vital forces. The nature of this manly diseases to its credit. preparation is well set forth in the following letter:

"I take pleasure in informing you sufficiently strong to express to you Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. my thanks, for the baby's coming' the child was already born. The neighbors who were with me, and my husband and the doctors could not believe their eyes. Having suffered so much before I never believed myself able to be delivered of a living child. I tell everybody this happy event was due to the help of God and

ROCKVILLE AND VICINITY. General and Personal Items From

Montgomery County's Capital. Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.

ROCKVILLE, Md., April 2, 1901. The board of directors of the Montgomery County Agricultural Society has appointed an advisory committee, consisting of one person from each election district of the lumbia, as follows: Laytonsvile district, R. H. Lausdale; Clarksburg district, James E. Deets; Poolesville district, Harry M. Willtams; Rockville district, William Dorsey; Colesville district, Alfred C. Tolson; Lamestown district, Wilson D. Tschiffely; Bethesda district, Jeremiah P. Harrington; Olney district, Charles F. Kirk: Gaithers-burg district, G. Fenton Snouffer; Potomac district, Frank C. Stone; Barnesville dis-trict, Thomas O. White; Damascus district, J. M. Etchison; Wheaton district, Hazel W. Cashell; District of Columbia, L. G. Orn-

Committees for the next annual fair have been appointed as follows: Races-Charles W. Fields, David H. Warfield, Josiah W. Jones. Grounds—John H. Bogley, Charles W. Fields, Charles Veirs. Accounts—John H. Cassaway, Samuel E. Eastburn, Josiah W. Jones. Printing—Henry H. Miller, John C. Bentley, John E. Muncaster. Premiums C. Bentley, John E. Muncaster. Premiums

John H. Bogley, Arthur Williams, Charles

Veirs. Household exhibits—Josiah W.

Jones, Henry H. Miller, Henry H. Griffith.

Upon the testimony of Joseph Barnes,

colored, before the grand jury last November an indictment was returned against

Edward Neviaser, a Wheaton district merchant, charging him with a violation of the local option law. At the subsequent trial of the case, it is alleged, Barnes swore that

have used the medicines which you GENERAL ASSEMBLY ALONG THE RIVER FRONT INSURGENT LEADER prescribed with the best results.

"Our hearts are full of gratitude to you for your medicines, which have given us the happiness of having a living child of our own, after so much suffering and disappoint-

maternity. The child who inherits ite Prescription to all young women weakness is handicapped for life in who are in the same condition that I offspring to misery and misfortune. tles and find myself in perfect health. Accept my best wishes for your wel-

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription sound health as a basis of matri- has been the means of preparing mony. The utter helplessness of thousands of women for happy child, the mother would die for, cries | courages the appetite and induces the baby's advent is practically

> strength to give her child, and is an unrivaled tonic for nursing moth-

> > WOMEN ARE SURPRISED

at the prompt and permanent benefit derived from the use of "Favorite Prescription." Its effects are not transient and temporary, but they conduce to a condition of womanly well being, which seems oftentimes like a renewal of youth, so marked are its effects and so lasting parts.

Downing, Dunn Co., been intending to write to you ever since my holy Scriptures and held by the reformed churches?" or "Do you desire the dismissal of the whole to you ever since my Prescription' has done for me. I cannot praise it enough, for I have not been as well for five

only surprised myself but all my friends here are surprised to see me so well."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It corrects irregularity, dries disagreeable drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Thousands of women have been surprised at the cures effected by the patient and persistent use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine has cured diseases which have failed to yield to any other remedy. When doctors have declared a cure was hopeless, and when other medicines had been tried in vain, "Favorite Prescription" has brought about a lasting cure. There is no other put up medicine specially can prepare for any other extraordi- prepared for woman's use which has nary demand to be made upon the so wide and wonderful a cure of wo-

Sick people, especially those suffering from chronic diseases, are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter of the birth of a boy in perfect free and so obtain without charge health, on May 18th, 1899," writes the opinion of a specialist on their Mrs. L. E. Corti, of Waltonville, ailments. All correspondence strict-Pa., Box 25. "I cannot find words by confidential. Address Dr. R. V.

The dealer who offers a substitute was almost without pain, and when for "Favorite Prescription" does so my husband arrived with the doctor to gain the little more profit paid on the less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss, therefore accept no substitute.

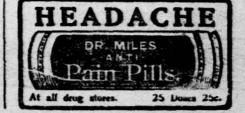
FREE TO WOMEN.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing of your medicines. I shall never be only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for without your medicines henceforth book in paper covers, or 31 stamps and shall never fail in recommending for the cloth bound volume. Adyour 'Favorite Prescription.' I dress Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

he had never bought any intoxicating liquor from Neviaser, and that the transaction upon which the indictment was based con-sisted of his giving Neviaser \$2 with which to buy him whisky in Washington. By direction of the court the grand jury which recently adjourned here investigated the matter, with the result that an indictment for perjury was found against Barnes. At trial of the case today several of the November grand jurors testified that Barnes swore before them that he pur-chased whisky from Neviaser, and he was convicted. Sentence was not imposed to-

day. Charles Robinson, colored, was tried upon an indictment charging him with forgery. It was shown that he changed the figure seven on a check for \$7 given him by ex-Sheriff Thompson to the figure nine. Mr. Robert B. Peter, Robinson's attorney, made the point that as none of the writing on the check had been changed the act did not constitute forgery. The court held the cas

Court took a recess this afternoon until Monday, April 8. Capt. John G. Capers and family have leturned to their Rockville home after spending the winter months in Washing-



Judicatory of Presbyterian Church to Convene in May.

"I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favor- DISCUSSION OF CREED REVISION

the struggle for existence. The weak was in as one of the best remedies Statistics of Denomination's Work at Home and Abroad.

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States will begin its next annual session May 16, in Calvary Church, Philadelphia, and continue its meetings until all the business for which it has been called together shall have been

The most important matter which will ceme before the body will be the report of the committee on the revision of faith, whose final meeting to consider the quesion was held in Washington several weeks igo. It is expected by many of those interested that this question, which has agitated the church for several years, will be finally disposed of at the May meeting, but a number of Presbyterian ministers are of the opinion that while it is very desirable that the question be settled once and for all and put out of the way the propositions made to that end are so general that the discussion will be almost end-less and ineffectual.

The committee to which the matter was referred, and which consists largely of professors in the theological seminaries, propounded four questions to the various presbyteries, the answers to which were to guide it in making its report. The questions were the following:
"Do you desire a revision of our confession of faith?" or
"Do you desire a supplemental explana-

the vigor which it im- tory statement?" or "Do you desire to supplement our pres-Mrs. Orrin Stiles of statement of the doctrines, most surely belleved among us, expressing in simple lan-guage the faith of the church in loyalty Wis., writes: "I have to the system of dectrine contained in the

baby was born in regard shall remain as they are, without any to what your 'Favorite change whatever, whether revisional, supplemental or substitutional?"

Doubtful of Settlement.

One of the oldest ministers in the synoc moderator of the general assembly when necessary thing for the prospective mother is preparation. For preparation is possible. There is, in general, no need for the weakness and weariness so often associated with materials. There is no need for the weakness and weariness so often associated with materials. There is no need for the weakness and weariness so often associated with materials. In July last 1 had a baby boy, weight 11 pounds, and I was only sick a short time, and since I got up have not had one sick day. I have not had one sick day. I have not had any uterine trouble since I got up. I was not possible to a star reporter, "a definite opinion could have been obtained, and the last change in the confession of faith was made, is among those who are doubtful as to whether anything will be accomplished by the discussion which is to take place. "Had the committee put a definite question: Do you want such a thing changed," he said to a Star reporter, "a definite opinion could have been obtained, and the matter might have been settled once and for all. As it stands at present, however, I am afraid it opens the way for endless discussion, and that little or nothing can be done. You never can tell, though, for some able man, with a good voice and a strong knowledge of parliamentary rules may be able to sway the assembly-stam pede the convention, as our political friends would say-and do anything he wants to do.

"I think it very desirable that the question should be settled, and it would not be a difficult matter. I believe those in favor of revision would be satisfied with what would be little more than changing the phraseology and simplification. The con-fession of faith is 200 years old, and was written when the people had very differ-ent ideas on some subjects than they have now, and who used different language to express their ideas. I think it is pretty generally conceded that some things should be changed, although few or none wish any alteration in the system of doctrine. There are certain clauses, like that con-cerning 'elect infants,' which might be explained, as they are likely to be misun derstood, particularly by those of other

The District of Columbia has a peculiar interest in the Presbyterian Church, as nearly the first church of that denomination in the country was established at Snow Hill, Md., not a very great distance from what is now the District line. Of this church Rev. Dr. North, formerly of Anacostia, is the present pastor.

Founder of the Church.

To a native of the north of Ireland, Rev Francis Makemie, is given the credit of or ganizing the Presbyterian Church in this country. In 1683 he established churches at Rehoboth and Snow Hill. The growth of the church has been remarkable. In 1801 there were 183 ministers, 449 churches, 20,-000 communicants; in 1900, 7,467 ministers During the past century eight benevolen missionary boards were established—hom missions, foreign missions, education, pub-lication and Sabbath school work, church erection, ministerial relief, freedmen's missions and aid for colleges. There are now 2,497 home missionaries in the field, besides 2.49 nome missionaries in the held, besides 431 whose specific work is among the freedmen, making a total of 2,928. In the foreign mission field there are 730 American missionaries, 1,701 native workers, 627 churches, 37,820 communicants and 82 hospitals and dispensaries.

The Presbyterian Church has in heathen lands today twice as many communicants as it had in the whole United States at the beginning of the nineteenth century. At the opening of the last century there were no Presbyterian Sunday schools; today there is a total of officers, teachers and scholars of 1,085,205, besides 80 Sunday school missionaries on the western frontier. There are 6,000 young people's societies in the church. The Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies raised last year \$665. 439. In 1801 the contributions for mission-ary purposes did not exceed \$2,500. In 1900 the total benevolence of the church collect-ed by the eight boards and other agencies amounted to more than three and a half millions of dollars. The church raised in 1900 for congregational purposes \$11,372,383. During the past century more than 2,200,000 persons were received into the church on

Boyd's and Vicinity.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. BOYD'S, Md., April 2, 1901. The patrons of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at this point are asking the company through a petition to give them better rain service during the summer months, to take effect with the new time table in May next. The service asked for is that the train now leaving Washington for Gaithersburg at 12:50 p.m., and which goes only to Gaithersburg, be run through to Boyd's and return to Washington at 2 p.m. It is also asked that the train which now leaves asked that the train which now leaves at 7:05 p.m. from Washington for Boyd's shall leave Washington at 11:25 p.m., in order that those who desire to attend night lec-tures, schools and theaters in Washington

LIGHT HOUSE TENDER HOLLY RE-PLACING THE RIVER BUOYS.

Stormy Weather of Yesterday Prevents Hauling of Fish Seines-The Passing Craft.

The United States light house tender Holly, Captain Donnell, has been engaged for the past two days in renewing the buoys In the river which were cut and broken by the ice last winter. Yesterday the buoy marking the forks of the Georgetown and Washington channel was replaced by a newly painted one, and all the other buoysas far down as Fort Foote were either repainted or replaced by new ones. Today, it is understood, the buoys in the George town channel to the Long bridge and above, if the Holly can get through the draw, will be renewed, and the channel marks in the harbor proper will also receive attention

The stormy weather of yesterday pre vented the hauling of seines at the various fishing shores on the Potomac, and consequently the receipts of shad and herring at the fish wharf this morning were small, only 130,000 herring and about 4,000 shad having been brought up for the local dealers. The receipts of bunch fish were also light and but few varieties were on sale The market was brisk and prices were Roe shad, \$30 to \$40 per hundred; bue! shad, \$12 to \$15 per hundred; herring, \$3 per thousand; pan rock, 10c. per pound; boiling rock, 10 to 15c. per pound; white serch, 4 to 10c, per pound; flounder, 5c, per und; carp, 3c. per pound; croaker, \$3 to \$3.50 per barrel; yellow perch, 8 to 10c. per unch; catfish, 15 to 20c. per bunch, and

els, 10 to 15c, per bunch. The supply of oysters at the 11th stree wharf was larger this morning than it has been for several days, about 800 bushels having arrived in port from the lower Po-tomac in the S. S. Smith, Mary and Rebecca. Emmet Arthur, bugeye Twilight and the flattie Twilight. The market was brisk this morning, both large and small buyers eing on hand. Prices remain higher than they have been for some time, the small oysters selling from 60 cents per bushel up and the larger ones as high as 90 cents per

Passing In and Out. The pungy Elexena, with a cargo of Vir-

ginia pine lumber for Major H. L. Biscoe has arrived in port.

The flattie Carl Costello is at Alexandria from a river point with a cargo of junk for Henry Baeder.

The Lulo has arrived here with a cargo of cordwood for the local dealers. The three-masted schooner Childe Har-old, with a cargo of ice for the Mutual Ice

Company of Alexandria, sailed from Rock-port, Me., for the Potomae March 21. The schooner Sidonia Curiey is unloading her cargo of lumber for Major H. L. Biscoo at the 10th street wharf of the American Ice Company.

The steamer Potomac of the Weems line eft yesterday evening with a good cargo for the lower river landings and Baltimore. The longboat Osceola is at Marshall Hall oading a cargo of pine wood for Carter &

The schooner James Judge has arrived at Saltimore from this port and will there oad coal for a south Atlantic coast point. The Lily May, having completed the dis harging of her cargo at Alexandria, will sail today for a lower river point.

The steam yacht Waucota, belonging to

Mr. J. J. Hill of New York, which had bee in port for several days, has sailed for Old The schooner Mary Sanford has been chartered to load lumber at Jacksonville

Ta., for this port.
The schooner J. D. Bell is in port with cargo of cord wood for Carter & Clark. The steamer Occoquan came into por yesterday morning with a full cargo of cord wood. She unloaded during the morning, went to Alexandria, took on a miscellaneous cargo yesterday afternoon at wharf and sailed for Occoquan creek.

General Matters.

Coal from the mines at Cumberland is now arriving in good quantities at Georgetown in boats over the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, and the steamboat companies here are replenishing their coal piles with fuel direct from the mines.

The handsome little yacht Grayhound was given a trial trip yesterday evening. Her engine was found to work well and she will now be prepared for summer cruis-

A new ice chute is being built and other repair work done at the 10th street pler of the American Ice Company for the coming season.

The new sand scow of Mr. Albert Smoot

which has been at the Alexandria ship yard, has been taken to the wharf of Wm. A. Smoot & Co. preparatory to going into The newly rebuilt steamer Washington of

the Norfolk and Washington line will leave Baltimore for this port Tuesday next. Manager John T. Callahan and others will make the trip around aboard her. The bulkhead in the dock between the Norfolk line and the Mt. Vernon wharves

being rebuilt. Banks' pile driver is doing the work. Some overhauling is being done to the engine of the steamer T. V. Arrowsmith preparatory to her going upon the route to the lower river Saturday next.

Hauling seine at Moxley's Point, just be-ow Fort Washington, will be begun during the latter part of next week.

The revenue cutter Windom at Baltimore will be overhauled and painted before starting on her spring and summer cruis-ing on Chesapeake bay and its tributaries. The steamer Harry Randall is to be tem-

porarily withdrawn from the landings in Lower Machodoc creek. The steamer Wakefield will continue to make her reg-

IN MEMORY OF DR. BUSEY.

Meeting to Be Held by the Scientific Societies. A meeting in memorial of Dr. Samuel C.

Busey will be held in the hall of the Coumbian University Monday evening at 8.15 o'clock. The scientific societies of which Dr. Busey was a member have united in the arrangements for this meeting, which will be held under the auspices of the Washington Academy of Sciences. The president of the academy, Prof. Charles D. Walcott, will preside and will make the introductory remarks. Following this representatives of the various societies of which Dr. Busey was a member will speak, the br. Busey was a memoer will speak, the time being so allotted that only about an hour will be occupied. Dr. George M. Kober will speak for the Medical Society, W. B. Bryan for the Columbia Historical Society, Dr. Robert Fletcher for the Philosophical Society, Prof. W. J. McGee for the Anthropological Society and Marcus Baker for the Academy of Sciences.

There is special interest in the date of There is special interest in the date se-ected, as it will be the anniversary of Dr. Busey's graduation in medicine.

Dr. J. E. Jones' New Duties.

Dr. J. E. Jones, for more than fifteen tures, schools and theaters in Washington may be accommodated.

On account of the searcity of grain, the C. A. Gambrill Manufacturing Company's mills at Orange Grove, near Ellicott City, on the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio, have shut down, and, it is said, will not again open until the harvest of this year's crop. The plant is extensive, having a capacity of many hundred barrels per day.

Mr. Clarence L. Ayton and Miss Evie Dutrow, both of this town, took the train for Baltimore this morning, where they were married today at 11 o'clock. After their bridal tour they will return to Boyd's, where they will make their home.

Dr. J. E. Jones, for more than fifteen years past a member of the reportorial staff of The Evening Star, has severed his connection with the paper to accept the responsible position of private secretary to Senator Kearns of Utal. The departure of Dr. Jones last evening was made the occasion of a very pleasant little eeremony, his colleagues on The Star staff, who had assembled to bid him good-bye and wish him Godspeed, presenting him with a handsome traveling bag. Remarks were made by Mr. John P. Miller, Dr. Frank T. Howe and others.

Joachin Alejandrino, Who is Mentioned for the Post.

GLIMPSE OF AGUINALDO'S SUCCESSOR

Encounter of an American Prisoner at Vigan.

FILIPINO'S GENEROUS ACTION

Since the capture of Aguinaldo mention has occasionally been made in the cable dispatches of the probability that the supreme command of the insurgent forces in the field would be vested in General Alejandrino, who is described as an officer of exceptional ability and of firm faith in the insurrection. An interesting reference to Alejandrino occurs in the course of Albert Sonnichsen's book, "Ten Months a Captive Among Filipinos," recently published by Scribner's, New York. Sonnichsen, who was captured early in the campaign, was taken, along with the other American prisfrom Malolos northward to Vigan and thence sent inland to Bangued. Son-nichsen escaped from Bangued and returned to Vigan, which is on the coast, hoping to find means to communicate with one of the American men-of-war occasionally seen at sea. His plans miscarried, owing to the desertion of his companions, formerly Span-ish soldiers, and he was recaptured. The following extract from the book tells of the prisoner's encounter with Alejandrino, who

was then in command at Vigan:
"Again the sentry challenged, and this time I answered 'Castile,' advancing toward the palace gates until within a dozen yards of him, when he commanded me to halt. 'Show your pass,' he ordered, as he in turn approached me. 'I have none,' was my re oly. Telling me to stay where I was, he returned to his post and called a non-com-missioned officer, who came out and commenced questioning me, asking what I was doing out after taps without a pass. 'I am an escaped American prisoner from Bangued' I answered. For a moment I thought he would fall down with astonishment. Just then an officer appeared, who demanded to know what it all was about, and to him the non-commissioned officer repeated my words. Well, come inside out of the rain, was his reply, for it had commenced to drizzle again. The three of us stepped inside of the spacious entrance of the palace. The officer was a young mesof about my own age, yet on each shoulder he wore the golden star of a colo-

" 'Your name is Alberto, is it not?' he

asked, as we came into the light of a hanging lantern. 'Yes,' I replied, surprised that he should know me. 'Where have you been since the 17th?" he continued, and how is it that toose fools in Bangued did not telegraph of your escape before this afternoon adventures

since leaving Bangued, of the trip to Masingal, and how the three Spaniards had deserted me. 'The cowards!' he cried, as I finished, 'to leave a companion like that. But what can you expect from a Spaniard? My God! how wet you are! What is the matter with your leg? Are you wounded?" I told him of my swim across the river. Ah, it was you the sentry fired at some Lucky for you he is a boy and can't shoot. Are you hungry? 'Rather,' I replied, in order to prevent further interrogation on the subject. Leaving me for a few minutes he ran upstairs, returning with a coat and pants. he said, 'throw off those rags; here is one of my own suits, a Filipino uniform.' With very little trouble I wriggled out of the cuzador's suit, which the fish traps had torn into shreds, and when again I emerged from behind the door I was attired in the uniform of an insurgent colonel, minus the 'Bien, bien,' exclaimed the young officer (thus reminding me of Abasilla), 'now you look presentable.' He then ordered a soldier to bandage my leg with his own handkerchief, which he tore into strips for the purpose. The pockets of my new suits he filled with cigarettes and cigars. Leading me out to the gate, he said: 'I will now send you to the hospital with this guard. I am sorry, deeply sorry, that you failed. You deserve your liberty. It is my duty, however, to guard against your escaping again, but I assure you it is against my own inclinations. Let us hope that your imprisonment may not last much longer, but I am afraid, my friend, that you have yet to undergo service. that you have yet to undergo some hard-ships. Would that you could continue under my charge, but I must return you to Bangued. But take this; it will help you on the road.' As he said this he slipped a silver peso into my hand. 'No, no,' he continued, as I hesitated just for a moment. 'I do not ask you to accept this as charity, only as a lcan; some day you repay me. I would take it from you under similar circumstances; and now, good-bye.' He reached out his hand, which I grasped. 'One thing before we part,' I requested, 'may I know to whom I owe this more than kind treatment?" 'My name is Joaquin Alejandrino,' he answered, and then, with a warm shake of the hand, we

Willingly Blind. Sonnichsen was to have been taken back

Wonder What Mertz Will Say Today?

Stopping a clock is a poor

vertiser, who uses a medium like

The Evening Star, is the sure

winner every time.

What we have done to serve your tailoring needs.

Not until we promulgated our progressive ideas and new business methods was it possible for the average man to have his clothing made expressly to his order-the obstacle was high prices.

We are pioneers of low prices-founders of the "school of tailoring economy"-the distributors of buying knowledge which has opened the way for thousands of men to be stylishly and correctly attired.

As we took years ago the initiative in popular selling, so has our leadership become more pronounced from year to year-distinctively more in evidence this season than ever before. Our matchless tailoring values are unmistakable in our immense and choice line of

\$15 SPRING SUITS made-to-your order.

Always remember, our guarantee gives you full protection. Store closes at 6 p.m. Saturday at 9,

MERTZ & MERTZ, Tailors. 906 and 908 F Street N. W.

`<u></u> into the mountains, but the local "presidente," who was lukewarm in his allegiance to the insurgent government, planned to secure himself in the good graces of the American forces, who were daily expected to arrive at Vigan. So he secretly communicated with the American prisoner and proposed that if Sonnichsen would vouch for him to the commander of the American forces the presidente would hide him unti

appearance from the prison naturally aroused suspicions and the presidente was subjected to a close examination. Son nichsen tells of the following incident:
"Alejandrino had also been to ask fo me, and accused Acosta of being aware of my whereabouts. 'I am morally certain he is somewhere in the building,' he had told the governor, but as I am no longer re-sponsible since I delivered him over to you I shall not trouble myself to search the

the Filipinos had left the town. Accord

ingly Sonnichsen was taken at night to

the presidente's own quarters and con-cealed, with careful preparations for his

supposed escape to a safer place. His dis-

"God bless Joaquin Alejandrino!" After the arrival of the American troops Sonnichsen executed his part of the com-pact and presented Presidente Acosta to the American officers in a manner to apparently insure that worthy's perpetual fealty to the sovereignty of the United States. Later in the book occurs the fol-

lowing passage, relating likewise to Alejandrino:
"I may here mention that I wrote a let-ter to Alejandrino, in which I thanked him for the manner in which he had treated me in Vigan. I gave this to a certain party, who promised to deliver it, and a month later I met this man again, whose name I feel not to have the right to disclose, and not only assured me that Alejandrino had received the letter, but gave me a verbal message of thanks from the young colonel. He would have written a reply but sufficient reasons forbade it. I have good cause to believe the bearer of this message. He, furthermore, told me that Alejandrino had witnessed the entrance of the Oregon's marines into Vigan from the window of a private house, disguised as a civilian, and an hour later followed his men up to Bangued. It was he who had led the attack on Vigan on the 4th, while Tine and Villamer fought against Young at Tangadan. On this occasion he had barely 200 men, instead of 500, as reported, all of their ammunition consisting of five rounds, and poor at that."

Aguinaldo at His Ease. References to Aguinaldo occur throughout the book, although Sonnischen had no

personal encounter with the insurgent

leader. The nearest he came to meet him was to peer through the prison bars at Malolos at him as he sat in the public garden adjoining. His description follows: "There he sat at one of the tables. We and very dark. His dress was black, all except a colored jockey cap. In one hand he held an empty glass, in the other a bottle. Gradually he poured the sparkling beer into the glass, then drained it. Again he repeated the operation. It was inter-esting. We could almost hear the sizz of the foam. .We forgot the president; our interest centered in the frothing liquid which we had not seen for so long a time. Anyway, I think it showed poor tact on the great man's part in holding that sparkling beverage up under the very noses of four miserable, half-starved wretches, who

had been obliged to assuage their thirst with half-putrid water the past month.

This was the first and last time our eyes ever rested on the dusky features of Don Emilio Aguinaldo y Famy."

But Sonnischen had occasion later to acquit Aguinaldo of a purpose to render the condition of the American prisoners miserable. While they were at Bangued, having been long since joined by the Gilmore party, they enjoyed evidence of the consideration of the Tagal leader, as noted

"Our condition kept gradually improvng. A telegram came from Aguinaldo, who at that time was in Tarlac, ordering the presidente provincial to allow all his American prisoners the liberty of the town between the hours of 6 in the morning and 8 in the evening. I have since learned from authentic sources that this same order also provided for the increase of our ration money to one peseta each. Why that part of the order was never carried out prob-ably the provincial authorities only can

AMERICANS WERE THE VICTORS. Result of Fencing Bout Between Naval Cadets at Annapolis.

The Naval Academy fencing team was victorious over the midshipmen team of the frigate Duguay Trouin at the fen match in the gymnasium of the Naval Academy at Annapolis yesterday afternoon, The midshipmen represent the graduates of the French Naval School at Brest. The Duguay Trouin team was: Midshipmen M. Fouque, L. Chevenard, A. Fortoul, H. Rouvier and J. Demarquay. The Naval Academy team was: Naval Cadets L. B. Mc Bride of Pennsylvania, A. Andrews of Texas, S. M. Henry of New York, O. H. Oakley of Nebraska and J. P. Lannon of Wyoming. The bouts resulted as follows: First, Fouque, 3; McBride, 5. Second, Chevenard, 2; Andrews, 5. Third, Fortoul 1; Henry, 5. Fourth, Rouvier, 3; Oakley, 5. Fifth, Demarquay, 2; Lannon, 5. Sixth, Fouque, 1; Andrews, 5. Seventh, Chevenard, 5; McBride, 3. Eighth, Fortoul, 5; Lannon, 6. Ninth, Rouvier, 1; Henry, 5 Tenth, Demarquay, 5; Oakley, 3. Eleventh, Fouque, 5; Lannon, 4. Twelfth, Chevenard, 2; Henry, 5. Thirteenth, Fortoul, 4; Oakley, 5. Fourteenth, Bouvier, 4; McBride, 5. Fifteenth, Demarquay, 1; Andrews, 5. Total bouts won-French midshipmen, Naval Academy, 11. Total points scored-French midshipmen, 44; Naval Academy,

Instead of a limited time for each bout the contestants fenced until one had scored five touches against the other, the one who scored five touches being the winner. After the bouts were over Midshipmen Fortoul and Chevenard of the French frigate, gave an exhibition of the mode fencing in France, which was very well re-

ceived. The officers of the match were: Judges, Prof. Cusachs, Naval Academy, and Lieut. Latourette of the French frigate; referee and director, Lieut. E. W. Eberle, United

Reports Loss of \$95.

Thomas W. Scott, a cigar manufacturer reported to the police last night the theft of \$95. He said the money was taken from his coat pocket while he was in a bowling alley yesterday. When he went to the place to bowl he hung his coat on a nail and the theft, he reports, was committed while he was engaged in a game with friends. The alley was crowded with players and spectators, and Mr. Scott has no idea who committed the robbery.



"It Saved My Life."

Willard, Ill., August 1, 1900. I was in bad health this spring and could not sit up in bed for four weeks. When I was confined my child died. When I began to sit up I felt so weak and had such terrible pains in my back and hips. I had kidney trouble, heart trouble and falling of the womb. I also had hysterical spells. I was in a bad condition when I received your "Ladies' Birthday Almanac" and read the advertisement of Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught. Since April 20th, I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui and three packages of Thedford's Black-Draught. I feel like a new person now. I can do all my work and can walk out to see any of my neighbors. I believe I would have been in the grave had it

not been for Wine of Cardui. IT SAVED MY LIFE. Mrs. ALICE DAVIS.

It is well that women are more patient than men. Few men could bear the bitter pangs, the agony and distress that women endure. Thousands of women have come to look upon suffering as a duty of their sex. But there are many instances of this heroic fortitude which

WINEOFCARI

now renders unnecessary. Women need no longer suffer for modesty's sake. Wine of Cardui brings relief to modest women in the privacy of their homes. Many of the best homes in this city are never without this medicine. It cures "whites" and falling of the womb and completely eradicates these dragging periodical pains. Mrs. Davis' cure shows you conclusively what you may expect if you follow her example and take Wine of Cardui. Thedford's Black-Draught aids Wine of Cardui by regulating the stomach and bowels. When you ask your druggist for these medicines, be sure you get them. It was Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught that saved Mrs. Davis' life. Never take a substitute.

For acvice and literature address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company. Chattanooga, Tenn.